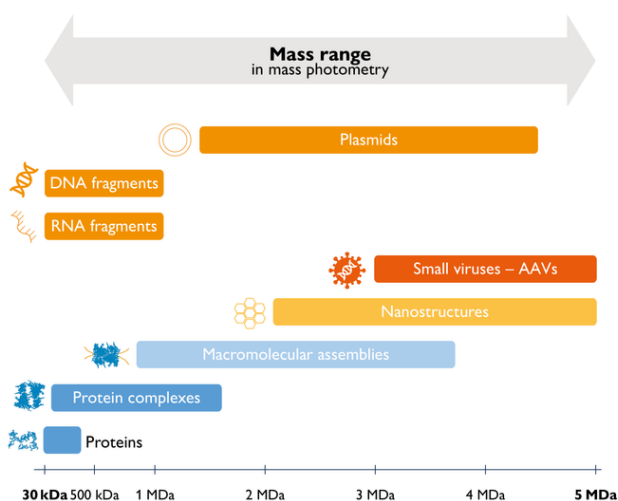


What is mass photometry?

Mass photometry is a bioanalytical technology that provides a direct mass measurement of label-free biomolecules and AAVs in solution:

- Single-molecule resolution
- Wide mass range
- High dynamic range
- Measures native behavior
- Applicable to a broad range of biomolecules
- Rapid measurement (< 5 minutes)
- Minimal sample consumption (10–20 μ L)
- Benchtop device



How does mass photometry work?

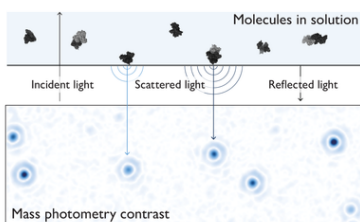
1

Biomolecules landing on a glass surface are illuminated by a laser



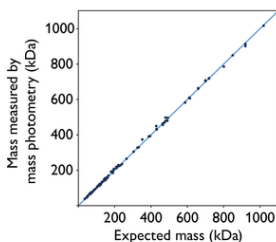
2

The biomolecules scatter light, which interferes with the light reflected at the interface



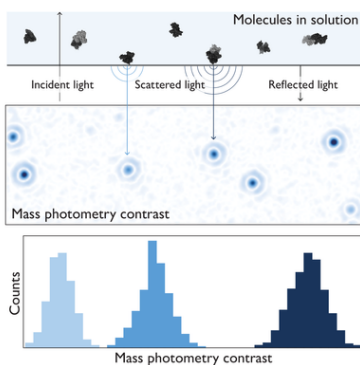
3

The resulting interference contrast scales linearly with the mass of the biomolecule



4

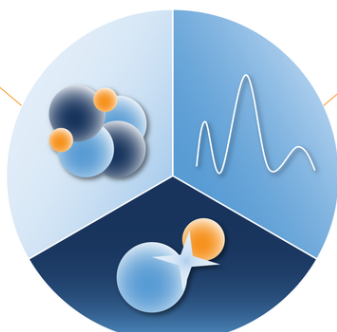
A mass histogram is generated from the single-molecule measurements



Applications of mass photometry

Analysis of complexes

Complex composition
Oligomeric states



Sample characterization

Aggregation
Empty/full AAV ratio
Sample purity

Interaction studies

Complex stoichiometry
Assembly mechanisms
Binding affinity